

# State of Misconsin LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU



# ™ Appendix A

### LRB BILL HISTORY RESEARCH APPENDIX

The drafting file for  $2013\ LRB-3659$   $_{\text{(For: Rep. Born)}}$ 

has been copied/added to the drafting file for

2013 LRB-3993 (For: Rep. Born)

Are These "Companion Bills" ?? ... No

# RESEARCH APPENDIX -PLEASE KEEP WITH THE DRAFTING FILE

Date Transfer Requested: 01/16/2014 (Per: ARG)

The attached draft was incorporated into the new draft listed above. For research purposes the attached materials were added, as a appendix, to the new drafting file. If introduced this section will be scanned and added, as a separate appendix, to the electronic drafting file folder.

### 2013 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill

Receiv	ved:	11/18/2013				Received By:	agary	
Wante	ed:	As time perr	nits			Same as LRB:		
For:		Mark Born (	(608) 266	-2540		By/Representing:	John Cronin	
May C	Contact:					Drafter:	agary	
Subjec	ct:	Fin. Inst V	VCA			Addl. Drafters:		
						Extra Copies:		
Reque	it via eme ester's em n copy (0	ail:		rn@legis.wis gary@legis.w				
Pre T	opic:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
No sp	ecific pre	topic given						
Topic	•							
Pleadi	ings in co	onsumer act c	ases					
Instru	ections:			<del> </del>				<del></del>
See at	tached							
Draft	ing Histo	ory:						
<u>Vers.</u>	Drafted	Rev	iewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
/?	agary 12/10/2	2013						
/P1	agary 1/6/201	jdye 4 12/1	er 11/2013	rschluet 12/11/2013		lparisi 12/11/2013		
/P2	agary 1/13/20	jdye 1/6/	er 2014	rschluet 1/6/2014		mbarman 1/6/2014		
/P3		jdye	r	rschluet		srose		

**LRB-3659** 1/14/2014 10:37:22 AM Page 2

Vers.DraftedReviewed<br/>1/14/2014Typed<br/>1/14/2014Proofed<br/>1/14/2014Submitted<br/>1/14/2014JacketedRequired

FE Sent For:

<END>

### 2013 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill										
Recei	ved: 11	/18/2013					Receive	ed By:	agary	
Wante	ed: A	s time permi	ts				Same a	s LRB:		
For:	M	ark Born (60	98) <b>2</b> 60	6-2540			By/Rep	oresenting:	John Cronin	
May C	Contact:						Drafter	:	agary	
Subjec	et: <b>F</b> i	n. Inst WC	CA				Addl. I	Orafters:		
							Extra C	Copies:		
Reque	it via email ester's emai n copy (CC	l: 1		orn@legi: gary@leg						
Pre T	opic:	<u> </u>				<del></del>				
No sp	ecific pre to	opic given								
Topic	•									
Pleadi	ngs in cons	umer act case	es							
Instru	ictions:				***************************************			<del></del>		
See at	tached									
Drafti	ing History	· •								
<u>Vers.</u>	Drafted	Reviev	wed	Typed	$\sim$	Proofed	<u>Su</u>	bmitted	Jacketed	Required
/?	agary 12/10/201	, P3/1	4 jld	jd	C	245	'v			
/P1	agary 1/6/2014	jdyer 12/11/	2013	rschluct 12/11/20	13			risi /11/2013		
/P2		jdyer 1/6/20	14	rschluct 1/6/2014		A STATE OF THE STA	•	oarman 5/2014		

**LRB-3659** 1/6/2014 4:00:21 PM Page 2

FE Sent For:

<END>

# 2013 DRAFTING REQUEST

DIII							
Received:	11/18/2	2013			Received By:	agary	
Wanted:	As tim	e permits			Same as LRB:		
For:	Mark	Born (608) 260	6-2540		By/Representing:	John Cronin	
May Contac	et:				Drafter:	agary	
Subject:	Fin. In	ıst WCA			Addl. Drafters:		
					Extra Copies:		
Submit via Requester's Carbon cop	email:		orn@legis.w .gary@legis.				
Pre Topic:							
No specific	pre topic	given					
Topic:	<u>, p</u>				······································		
Pleadings i	n consume	er act cases					
Instruction	ns:					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
See attache	ed						
Drafting H	listory:		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				
Vers. Dra	ıfted	Reviewed	Typed	Proofed	Submitted	Jacketed	Required
/? aga	ry 10/2013	P2/6/L	d jd				
/P1		jdyer 12/11/2013	rschluet 12/11/2013		lparisi 12/11/2013		
FE Sent Fo	or:		<fnd< td=""><td>1/2 C</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></fnd<>	1/2 C			

# 2013 DRAFTING REQUEST

Bill								
Received:	11/18/2013				Received By:	agary		
Wanted:	As time perm	iits			Same as LRB:			
For:	Mark Born (	608) 260	5-2540		By/Representing:	John Cronin		
May Contact:					Drafter:	agary		
Subject:	Fin. Inst W	'CA			Addl. Drafters:			
					Extra Copies:			
Requester's en	Submit via email: YES Requester's email: Rep.Born@legis.wisconsin.gov Carbon copy (CC) to: aaron.gary@legis.wisconsin.gov							
Pre Topic:							99-19-1	
No specific p	re topic given							
Topic:								
Pleadings in	consumer act ca	ases						
Instructions	:							
See attached								
Drafting His	story:	<u> </u>						
Vers. Drafte	ed Rev	iewed	Typed	Proofee	Submitted	<u>Jacketed</u>	Required	
/? agary	PI	jld	( jd	J)	_			

<END>

FE Sent For:

### Gary, Aaron

From:

Sent:

Cronin, John Monday, November 18, 2013 10:04 AM

To: Subject: Gary, Aaron Drafting requests

Attachments:

425.109 fix.pdf; 425.105 fix.pdf

Hi Aaron,

On behalf of Rep. Born, I need you to draft two bills to amend Chapter 425. Please do them as P-Drafts to start.

Bill #1 would amend 425.109 relating to pleading requirements. Please have the bill draft reflect the changes shown in the first attachment.

Bill #2 would amend 428.105. Please have the bill draft reflect the changes shown in the second attachment.

John Cronin

Office of Rep. Mark Born 39<sup>th</sup> Assembly District

ler I yas ago

### 425.109 Pleadings.

- (1) A complaint by a <u>merchant ereditor</u>-to enforce any cause of action arising from a consumer credit transaction shall include all of the following:
- (a) An identification of the consumer credit transaction.
- (b) A description of the collateral or leased goods, if any, which the <u>merchant creditor</u> seeks to recover or has recovered.
- (c) A specification of the facts constituting the alleged default by the customer.
- (d) The actual or estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named foreign currency <u>due</u> on a date certain after default as reflected on a billing statement issued by the creditor and addressed to the customer, and a breakdown of all charges, interest and payments, including any amount received from the sale of any collateral, occurring after such date certain. This paragraph shall not be deemed to require a specific itemization, but the breakdown shall identify separately the amount due on a date certain, the total of all charges, the total of all interest, and the total of all payments occurring after such date certain. That the creditor alleges he or she is entitled to recover and the figures necessary for computation of the amount, including any amount received from the sale of any collateral.
- (e) Except in an action to recover goods subject to a consumer lease, a statement that the customer has the right to redeem any collateral as provided in s. 425.208 (1) (intro.) and the actual or estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named foreign currency required for redemption, itemized in accordance with s. 425.208 (1) (a) to (d).
- (f) Except in an action to recover goods subject to a consumer lease, the estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named foreign currency of any deficiency claim which may be available to the <u>merchant creditor</u>-following the disposition of any collateral recovered subject to the limitations of s. 425.209 or which the <u>merchant creditor</u>-seeks to recover and which the creditor intends to assert subject to the limitations of s. 425.210 if the customer fails to redeem the collateral.

- (g) If the customer still has the right to cure a default under s. 425.105 pursuant to a notice given under s. 425.104, the total payment or other performance necessary to cure the alleged default and the exact date by which it must be made.
- (h) An accurate copy of the writings, if any, evidencing the transaction, except that with respect to claims arising under open-end credit plans, a statement that the <u>merchant</u> ereditor-will submit accurate copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation to the court and the customer upon receipt of the customer's written request therefor on or before the return date or the date on which the customer's answer is due.
- (2) Upon the written request of the customer <u>pursuant to (1)(h)</u>, the <u>merchant creditor</u> shall submit accurate copies to the court and the customer of writings evidencing <u>the customer's obligation any transaction pursuant to an open-end credit plan upon which the <u>merchant's creditor's claim</u> is made and <u>default judgment may not be entered for the merchant creditor unless the <u>merchant creditor does so. The writings requirement is satisfied if the merchant provides the customer with a copy of the last billing statement that was issued by the creditor and addressed to the customer reflecting the charge-off balance on the account. If that billing statement is attached to the complaint, then the statement set forth in (1)(h) does not have to be included in the complaint.</u></u></u>
- (3) A <u>default</u> judgment may not be entered upon a complaint which fails to comply with this section. A <u>complaint that fails to comply with this section does not constitute a violation of chs. 421 to 427, and shall not give rise to recovery of attorney fees <u>pursuant to s. 425.308</u>, unless the <u>customer establishes</u> by a <u>preponderance of the evidence that the failure to comply was willful or intentional.</u></u>

### Gary, Aaron

From:

Cronin, John

Sent:

Tuesday, December 03, 2013 5:10 PM

To:

Gary, Aaron

Subject:

RE: Drafting requests

Attachments:

425.109 Amendment Position Statement.pdf; 425.105 Amendment Position Statement.pdf

Hi Aaron,

I have attached two documents that provide the rationale behind the changes to 425.105 and 425.109.

The purpose of the change to 425.105 is to avoid a conflict with the National Banking Act and ensure we are remaining consistent with applicable federal regulations. The purpose of the 425.109 change is to provide more clarity in lawsuits aimed at collecting consumer credit debt.

Thanks again for your help on this. Email me back if you have additional questions.

#### John Cronin

Office of Rep. Mark Born 39<sup>th</sup> Assembly District

From: Gary, Aaron

Sent: Tuesday, December 03, 2013 4:04 PM

To: Cronin, John

Subject: RE: Drafting requests

Hi John,

I am working on the change to s. 425.105. There are a number of other statutory provisions that may be relevant here (see, e.g., s. 425.103 (1)), but it is hard for me to know without knowing exactly what your intent is in making this change. Can you tell me what the intent is for this bill? On its face, the language suggests that a credit card issuer may accelerate the maturity date and/or bring an action regardless of whether the customer/card holder is in default or has had an opportunity to cure. Can you please describe for me what you intend the effect of this bill to be?

I have a similar question regarding the changes to s. 425.109. What is the intent in changing "creditor" to "merchant" in this provision? The two terms seem to be used interchangeably in ch. 425 and each definition uses the other term. See s. 421.301 (16) and (25). So I am trying to figure out what substantive effect this is intended to have. Can you shed any light on that?

Thanks. Aaron

Aaron R. Gary Attorney, Legislative Reference Bureau 608.261.6926 (voice) 608.264.6948 (fax) aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

From: Cronin, John

Sent: Monday, November 18, 2013 10:04 AM

To: Gary, Aaron

Subject: Drafting requests

# Position Statement on Proposed Statutory Amendment to Wisconsin Statute Section 425.109

<u>Purpose of proposed amendment</u>: The purpose of the amendment is to clarify and insure compliance with the special pleading requirements in lawsuits filed to collect consumer credit debt, and to clarify the result of a non-compliant complaint.

<u>History</u>: Section 425.109 of the Wisconsin Consumer Act (WCA) is a special pleading statute that requires more information in a Complaint than the information required in the General Rules of Pleading under Wis. Stat. 802.01. The general rules of pleading only require "A short plain statement of the claim."

The original purpose of § 425.109 when the WCA was enacted in the early 1970's was to provide sufficient information at the pleading stage (when the complaint was filed) for the customer and the court to determine if the debt was in fact a debt of the customer (the transaction must be identified), whether the debt was in default (the reason for default must be specified) and the amount of the debt. The proposed amendment provides such information.

The original theory under the WCA was that a customer should have adequate information to verify the debt and the amount of the debt without having to go to a lawyer and demand such basic information through the court process. The amendment clarifies and confirms that original purpose by giving the customer the necessary information.

The current language of the statute is ambiguous and unclear: The current wording of Wis. Stat. § 425.109 says that a complaint filed in a consumer credit collection lawsuit must state:

"The actual or estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named foreign currency that the creditor alleges he or she is entitled to recover and the figures necessary for computation of the amount, including any amount received from the sale of any collateral."

The problem with that language is twofold: First, it fails to indicate in any manner what "figures" a debtor would need to determine the balance due. Second, because that language is ambiguous and unclear, judges, creditors and debtors waste countless, unnecessary time and resources arguing and litigating on a case-by-case basis what "figures" are necessary to comply with the statute. As a result, various circuit courts currently apply different standards, ranging from requiring only an allegation of the total amount due on the debt, to the other extreme of attaching to the complaint copies of every single monthly account statement (which discloses in a public record every purchase made by the debtor which are the subject of the lawsuit, much to the dismay of the vast majority of debtors who don't contest the balance claimed due in the complaint).

single monthly account statement (which discloses in a public record every purchase made by the debtor which are the subject of the lawsuit, much to the dismay of the vast majority of debtors who don't contest the balance claimed due in the complaint).

Benefit of proposed amendment: This amendment would clarify and give guidance to courts, creditors and debtors as to what information must be contained in a complaint to collect a consumer debt.

Specifically, the proposed amendment requires a complaint to supply the customer with the account balance on a statement <u>previously sent to the customer</u>, so the information on the complaint will conform to information the customer has already seen. The amendment then requires a listing of all activity following such date of the statement identified in the complaint.

It is also critical to keep in mind that this proposed amendment only governs what is required to be disclosed in a complaint at the initial pleading stage. The amendment does not affect the proof that is required at Trial. Every creditor or assignee must still prove at Trial the existence of the debt, the amount of the debt and the incident of default before a judge or jury.

An additional benefit of the proposed amendment is clarification that a non-compliant complaint would bar the entry of a default judgment (currently worded as "a judgment . . . entered on a complaint") and that attorney fees would only be recoverable by a debtor if such non-compliance was wilful or intentional.

Finally, as noted above, by adding language to the statute that expressly includes its application to assignees of consumer credit debt, the proposed amendment eliminates any concern that assignees have a lesser pleading burden than original creditors.



### State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE

LRB-3659/P1
ARG:.....

PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

7

2

Sen

AN ACT ...; relating to: pleading requirements under the Wisconsin Consumer

Act.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a consumer credit transaction in which the amount financed is \$25,000 or less, and which is entered into for personal, family, or household purposes, is generally subject to the Wisconsin Consumer Act (WCA). A consumer credit transaction means a transaction between a merchant and a customer in which property, services, or money is acquired on credit and the customer's obligation is payable in installments or a finance charge may be imposed. A merchant is defined to include, among others, a creditor or a seller of property on credit and expressly includes such a creditor's or seller's assignee or successor. A customer is a person, other than an organization, who seeks or acquires property, services, money, or credit for personal, family, or household purposes. A creditor is defined as a merchant who regularly engages in consumer credit transactions or in arranging for the extension of consumer credit by, or procuring consumer credit from, third persons. A consumer credit transaction may involve a consumer credit sale, a consumer loan, a consumer lease, or a transaction pursuant to an open-end credit plan (usually involving use of a credit card).

Under current law, the WCA includes requirements for a creditor or merchant to satisfy to enforce rights arising from a consumer credit transaction, including pleading requirements for a complaint filed by a creditor to enforce these rights. Among the information that must be included in such a complaint, the creditor must: identify the consumer credit transaction; describe any collateral sought to be

recovered; specify the facts constituting the customer's alleged default; identify the actual or estimated amount of money that the creditor is entitled to recover and the figures necessary for computation of this amount; and include an accurate copy of the writings evidencing the transaction except that, for a claim arising under an open—end credit plan, the creditor may substitute a statement that the creditor will, upon request, provide copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation. A judgment may not be entered on a complaint that fails to comply with these pleading requirements. For a claim arising under an open—end credit plan, on written request by the customer, the creditor must submit accurate copies to the customer and the court of writings evidencing any transaction on which the claim is made and judgment may not be entered for the creditor unless the creditor does so.

This bill modifies the pleading requirements in WCA cases. First, under the bill, these pleading requirements apply to a merchant, rather than a creditor. As defined under current law, a merchant expressly includes an assignee of or successor to a creditor or seller on credit. Second, the bill changes the manner in which a merchant is required to plead the amount owed by the customer. Under the bill, the merchant must identify the actual or estimated amount of money alleged to be due to the merchant on a date certain after the customer's default, as reflected in a billing statement issued by the merchant and addressed to the customer, and include a breakdown of all charges, interest, and payments occurring after this date certain. Third, the bill specifies that, for a claim arising under an open-end credit plan where the merchant has not attached to the complaint copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation and the customer has requested these copies, the merchant's obligation to provide these copies is satisfied if the merchant provides the customer and court with a copy of the last billing statement that was issued by the merchant and addressed to the customer reflecting the total outstanding balance on the customer's account. The merchant may also satisfy its obligation by attaching copies of this billing statement to the complaint. Fourth, under the bill, the merchant's failure to comply with these requirements related to pleading and providing copies precludes entry of default judgment, rather than judgment, for the merchant. Fifth, under the bill, a complaint that fails to comply with these pleading requirements is not a violation that gives rise to a penalty, civil liability, or an award of attorney fees under the WCA unless the customer establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that the failure to comply was willful or intentional."

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 425.109 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (1) (intro.) A complaint by a creditor merchant to enforce any cause of

action arising from a consumer credit transaction shall include all of the following:

1

2

3

1	SECTION 2. 425.109 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
2	425.109 (1) (b) A description of the collateral or leased goods, if any, which the
3	ereditor merchant seeks to recover or has recovered.
4	History: 1971 c. 239; 1983 a. 389; 1991 a. 236.  SECTION 3. 425.109 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	425.109 (1) (d) The actual or estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named
6	foreign currency that the creditor alleges he or she is entitled to recover and the
7	figures necessary for computation of the amount, including any amount received
8	from the sale of any collateral alleged to be due to the merchant on a date certain after
9	the customer's default, as reflected on a billing statement issued by the merchant
10	and addressed to the customer, and a breakdown of all charges, interest, and
11	payments, including any amount received from the sale of any collateral, occurring
12	after this date certain. This paragraph does not require a specific itemization, but
13	the breakdown shall identify separately the amount due on a date certain, the total
14	of all charges occurring after this date certain, the total of all interest occurring after
15	this date certain, and the total of all payments occurring after this date certain.
16	History: 1971 c. 239; 1983 a. 389; 1991 a. 236.  SECTION 4. 425.109 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
17	425.109 (1) (f) Except in an action to recover goods subject to a consumer lease,
18	the estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named foreign currency of any deficiency
19	claim which may be available to the ereditor merchant following the disposition of
20	any collateral recovered subject to the limitations of s. 425.209 or which the ereditor

merchant seeks to recover and which the <u>creditor</u> merchant intends to assert subject to the limitations of s. 425.210 if the customer fails to redeem the collateral.

History: 1971 c. 239; 1983 a. 389; 1991 a. 236. **SECTION 5.** 425.109 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

21

22

SECTION 5

425.109 (1) (h) An Subject to sub. (2), an accurate copy of the writings, if any, evidencing the transaction, except that with respect to claims arising under open-end credit plans, a statement that the creditor merchant will submit accurate copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation to the court and the customer upon receipt of the customer's written request therefor on or before the return date or the date on which the customer's answer is due.

History: 1971 c. 239; 1983 a. 389; 1991 a. 236.

SECTION 6. 425.109 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (2) Upon the written request of the customer under sub. (1) (h), the ereditor merchant shall submit accurate copies to the court and the customer of writings evidencing any transaction the customer's obligation pursuant to an open-end credit plan upon which the ereditor's merchant's claim is made and default judgment may not be entered for the ereditor merchant unless the ereditor merchant does so. The writings requirement under this subsection is satisfied if the merchant provides the customer with a copy of the last billing statement that was issued by the merchant and addressed to the customer reflecting the total outstanding balance on the customer's account. If this billing statement is attached to the complaint, then the statement under sub. (1) (h) is not required to be included in the complaint.

History: 1971 c. 239; 1983 a. 389; 1991 a. 236. **SECTION 7.** 425.109 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (3) A <u>default</u> judgment may not be entered upon a complaint which fails to comply with this section.

History: 1971 c. 239; 1983 a. 389; 1991 a. 236. **SECTION 8.** 425.109 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

425.109 (4) For purposes of subchs. III and IV of this chapter, a complaint that fails to comply with this section does not constitute a violation of chs. 421 to 427, and shall not give rise to recovery of attorney fees under s. 425.308, unless the customer

1	establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that the failure to comply was willful
2	or intentional.
3	Section 9. Initial applicability.
4	(1) This act first applies to complaints filed on the effective date of this
5	subsection.
6	Section 10. Effective date.
7	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after
8	publication.
9	(END)

### Gary, Aaron

From:

Cronin, John

Sent:

Wednesday, December 11, 2013 2:45 PM

To:

Gary, Aaron

Subject:

RE: Drafting requests

Hi Aaron,

We are all set for 3:00PM on Wednesday, December 18<sup>th</sup>. The meeting will be in Rep. Born's office – 312 North.

Thanks,

### John Cronin

Office of Rep. Mark Born 39<sup>th</sup> Assembly District

From: Gary, Aaron

Sent: Tuesday, December 10, 2013 2:50 PM

To: Cronin, John

Subject: RE: Drafting requests

Hi John,

I am available at 3:00 pm on Wed. 12/18. I should note that the other draft (LRB-3659) is in editing and you should have it before that date. If that draft will also need changes, it might be easiest to try to do them both at the same time.

Aaron

Aaron R. Gary Attorney, Legislative Reference Bureau 608.261.6926 (voice) 608.264.6948 (fax) aaron.gary@legis.state.wi.us

From: Cronin, John

Sent: Tuesday, December 10, 2013 11:51 AM

To: Gary, Aaron

Subject: RE: Drafting requests

Hi Aaron,

Would you be able to come over next week and meet with Rep. Born and some stakeholders to discuss changes to 3660/P1? 3:00PM on Wednesday, December 18<sup>th</sup> would be optimal but the 19<sup>th</sup> is also open if that would be better. Let me know what works best for you.

Thanks,

John Cronin

Office of Rep. Mark Born 39<sup>th</sup> Assembly District

### Gary, Aaron

From:

Cronin, John

Sent:

Friday, December 20, 2013 9:21 AM

To: Subject: Gary, Aaron 425.109 and 425.105 proposed changes

Hi Aaron,

Thanks again for taking the time to meet with us on Wednesday. I have received the updated language based on what we discussed and it is included below. The proposed changes are underlined. Let me know if you have additional questions or if anything needs to be clarified. Merry Christmas!

### John Cronin

Office of Rep. Mark Born 39<sup>th</sup> Assembly District

#### 425,109 -

As requested, we came up with the following definition for "billing statement."

That being: "a statement issued pursuant to 15 U.S.C. 1637."

This will require two changes to the draft. The phrase "issued by the merchant and" should be removed from lines 11-12 in section 3 and from lines 14-15 under section 6.

Further, we all agreed to add "at the time it was issued" in two places. The first being on page two of the analysis in the second paragraph after "on the customer's account." Also, in the statute in Section 6, line 16.

425.105 -

Add back in the portion of Section 1 that was stricken on line 4, and strike lines 6-10 on page two - as was discussed at the meeting. The last word in line 10, and lines 11 and 12 on page two would stay which was also discussed. Below is our reasoning.

I think we were all on the same page at the meeting that the National Banking Act (NBA) allows national banks to establish when there can be an acceleration of the balance with regard to a credit card account issued by a national bank- and that pre-empts the state law right to cure requirement with regard to national banks. Therefore, national banks should not be required to send a right to cure before accelerating a credit card debt.



### State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE

peodell by 1/9



RB−3659/**P** 7 ARG:jld:rs

ARG:jld:rs

### PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT to amend 425.109 (1) (intro.), 425.109 (1) (b), 425.109 (1) (d), 425.109 (1)

(f), 425.109 (1) (h), 425.109 (2) and 425.109 (3); and to create 425.109 (4) of the statutes; relating to: pleading requirements under the Wisconsin Consumer Act.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a consumer credit transaction in which the amount financed is \$25,000 or less, and which is entered into for personal, family, or household purposes, is generally subject to the Wisconsin Consumer Act (WCA). A consumer credit transaction means a transaction between a merchant and a customer in which property, services, or money is acquired on credit and the customer's obligation is payable in installments or a finance charge may be imposed. A merchant is defined to include, among others, a creditor or a seller of property on credit and expressly includes such a creditor's or seller's assignee or successor. A customer is a person, other than an organization, who seeks or acquires property, services, money, or credit for personal, family, or household purposes. A creditor is defined as a merchant who regularly engages in consumer credit transactions or in arranging for the extension of consumer credit by, or procuring consumer credit from, third persons. A consumer credit transaction may involve a consumer credit sale, a consumer loan, a consumer lease, or a transaction pursuant to an open—end credit plan (usually involving use of a credit card).

Under current law, the WCA includes requirements for a creditor or merchant to satisfy to enforce rights arising from a consumer credit transaction, including pleading requirements for a complaint filed by a creditor to enforce these rights. Among the information that must be included in such a complaint, the creditor must: identify the consumer credit transaction; describe any collateral sought to be recovered; specify the facts constituting the customer's alleged default; identify the actual or estimated amount of money that the creditor is entitled to recover and the figures necessary for computation of this amount; and include an accurate copy of the writings evidencing the transaction except that, for a claim arising under an open—end credit plan, the creditor may substitute a statement that the creditor will, upon request, provide copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation. A judgment may not be entered on a complaint that fails to comply with these pleading requirements. For a claim arising under an open—end credit plan, on written request by the customer, the creditor must submit accurate copies to the customer and the court of writings evidencing any transaction on which the claim is made and judgment may not be entered for the creditor unless the creditor does so.

This bill modifies the pleading requirements in WCA cases. First, under the bill, these pleading requirements apply to a merchant, rather than a creditor. As defined under current law, a merchant expressly includes an assignee of or successor to a creditor or seller on credit. Second, the bill changes the manner in which a merchant is required to plead the amount owed by the customer. Under the bill, the merchant must identify the actual or estimated amount of money alleged to be due to the merchant on a date certain after the customer's default, as reflected in a billing statement issued by the merchant and addressed to the customer, and include a breakdown of all charges, interest, and payments occurring after this date certain. Third, the bill specifies that, for a claim arising under an open-end credit plan in which the merchant has not attached to the complaint copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation and the customer has requested these copies, the merchant's obligation to provide these copies is satisfied if the merchant provides the customer and court with a copy of the last billing statement that was issued by the merchant and addressed to the customer reflecting the total outstanding balance on the customer's account. The merchant may also satisfy its obligation by attaching copies of this billing statement to the complaint. Fourth, under the bill, the merchant's failure to comply with these requirements related to pleading and providing copies precludes entry of default judgment, rather than judgment, for the merchant. Fifth, under the bill, a complaint that fails to comply with these pleading requirements is not a violation that gives rise to a penalty, civil liability, or an award of attorney fees under the WCA unless the customer establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that the failure to comply was willful or intentional.

(insert ANAL)

¥

√ The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

**SECTION 1.** 425.109 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:

1	425.109 (1) (intro.) A complaint by a creditor merchant to enforce any cause of
2	action arising from a consumer credit transaction shall include all of the following:
3	SECTION 2. 425.109 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	425.109 (1) (b) A description of the collateral or leased goods, if any, which the
5	ereditor merchant seeks to recover or has recovered.
6	SECTION 3. 425.109 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	425.109 (1) (d) The actual or estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named
8	foreign currency that the creditor alleges he or she is entitled to recover and the
9	figures necessary for computation of the amount, including any amount received
10	from the sale of any collateral alleged to be due to the merchant on a date certain after
<u> 11</u> )	the customer's default, as reflected on a billing statement issued by the merchant
$\widetilde{12}$	and addressed to the customer, and a breakdown of all charges, interest, and
13	payments, including any amount received from the sale of any collateral, occurring
14	after this date certain. This paragraph does not require a specific itemization, but
15	the breakdown shall identify separately the amount due on a date certain, the total
16	of all charges occurring after this date certain, the total of all interest occurring after
17	this date certain, and the total of all payments occurring after this date certain.
18	SECTION 4. 425.109 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
19	425.109 (1) (f) Except in an action to recover goods subject to a consumer lease,
20	the estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named foreign currency of any deficiency
21	claim which may be available to the ereditor merchant following the disposition of
22	any collateral recovered subject to the limitations of s. 425.209 or which the <del>creditor</del>
23	merchant seeks to recover and which the creditor merchant intends to assert subject
24	to the limitations of s. 425.210 if the customer fails to redeem the collateral.
25	SECTION 5. 425.109 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

2

3

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

(14)

(15)

(16)

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

425.109 (1) (h) An Subject to sub. (2), an accurate copy of the writings, if any,
evidencing the transaction, except that with respect to claims arising under
open-end credit plans, a statement that the creditor merchant will submit accurate
copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation to the court and the
customer upon receipt of the customer's written request therefor on or before the
return date or the date on which the customer's answer is due.
SECTION 6. 425.109 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (2) Upon the written request of the customer under sub. (1) (h), the ereditor merchant shall submit accurate copies to the court and the customer of writings evidencing any transaction the customer's obligation pursuant to an open-end credit plan upon which the ereditor's merchant's claim is made and default judgment may not be entered for the ereditor merchant unless the ereditor merchant does so. The writings requirement under this subsection is satisfied if the merchant provides the customer with a copy of the last billing statement that was issued by the

merchant and addressed to the customer reflecting the total outstanding balance on the customer's account. If this billing statement is attached to the complaint, then the statement under sub. (1) (h) is not required to be included in the complaint.

Section 7. 425.109 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (3) A <u>default</u> judgment may not be entered upon a complaint which fails to comply with this section.

SECTION 8. 425.109 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

425.109 (4) For purposes of subchs. III and IV, a complaint that fails to comply with this section does not constitute a violation of chs. 421 to 427, and shall not give rise to recovery of attorney fees under s. 425.308, unless the customer establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that the failure to comply was willful or intentional.

1	SECTION 9. Initial applicability.
2	(1) This act first applies to complaints filed on the effective date of this
3	subsection.
4	SECTION 10. Effective date.
5	(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after
6	publication.

(END)

# LRB-3659/P2ins ARG:...:...

### 2013–2014 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

1		
2		INSERT ANAL:
	(no 91)	at the time this billing statement was issued $\bigcirc$
3		
4		INSERT 2-1:
5		SECTION 1. 425.1025 of the statutes is created to read:
6		425.1025 Definition. In this subchapter, "billing statement" means a
7	state	ement issued pursuant to 15 USC 1637 (b).
8		
9		INSERT 2-16:
10	(mo (A))	at the time this billing statement was issued
11		
12		

### Drafter's Note from the Legislative Reference Bureau

LRB-3659/P2dn ARG:\(\gamma\):...

date

Please review the attached draft carefully to ensure that it is consistent with your intent.

This draft includes the requested change of adding a definition of "billing statement" based on 15 USC 1637. Upon further review, I believe that this approach, as incorporated into this draft, is problematic. Section 425.109 sets forth pleading requirements applicable to all consumer credit transactions. Section 425.109 (1) (d) specifies how the amount of the obligation should be pleaded for all consumer credit transactions. Yet, 15 USC 1637 applies only to open-end consumer credit plans. The pleading standard in amended s. 425.109 (1) (d) will therefore not make sense for a creditor or merchant that has not extended open-end credit. I recommend that existing s. 425.109 (1) (d) be divided into two provisions, one of which would retain existing law for closed-end credit transactions and the other of which would create a new provision identical to amended s. 425.109 (1) (d) in the draft that is applicable to open-end credit transactions.

Section 425.205 applies to a creditor or merchant that brings an action to obtain possession of collateral. Section 425.205 (4) imposes requirements on the creditor or merchant to provide writings to the customer if the transaction is pursuant to an open-end credit plan. Do you want to amend s. 425.205 (4) to be similar to amended s. 425.109 (2) in the attached draft?

Please let me know if you would like any changes made to the attached draft or if you have any questions.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.wisconsin.gov

# DRAFTER'S NOTE FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-3659/P2dn ARG:jld:rs

January 6, 2014

Please review the attached draft carefully to ensure that it is consistent with your intent.

This draft includes the requested change of adding a definition of "billing statement" based on 15 USC 1637. Upon further review, I believe that this approach, as incorporated into this draft, is problematic. Section 425.109 sets forth pleading requirements applicable to all consumer credit transactions. Section 425.109 (1) (d) specifies how the amount of the obligation should be pleaded for all consumer credit transactions. Yet, 15 USC 1637 applies only to open—end consumer credit plans. The pleading standard in amended s. 425.109 (1) (d) will therefore not make sense for a creditor or merchant that has not extended open—end credit. I recommend that existing s. 425.109 (1) (d) be divided into two provisions, one of which would retain existing law for closed—end credit transactions and the other of which would create a new provision identical to amended s. 425.109 (1) (d) in the draft that is applicable to open—end credit transactions.

Section 425.205 applies to a creditor or merchant that brings an action to obtain possession of collateral. Section 425.205 (4) imposes requirements on the creditor or merchant to provide writings to the customer if the transaction is pursuant to an open-end credit plan. Do you want to amend s. 425.205 (4) to be similar to amended s. 425.109 (2) in the attached draft?

Please let me know if you would like any changes made to the attached draft or if you have any questions.

Aaron R. Gary Legislative Attorney Phone: (608) 261–6926

E-mail: aaron.gary@legis.wisconsin.gov

### Gary, Aaron

From:

Cronin, John

Sent:

Friday, January 10, 2014 9:24 AM

To:

Gary, Aaron

Subject:

LRB 3659/P2 & Drafter's Note

Hi Aaron,

Happy New Year and thank you again for your hard work on this.

Based on your drafter's note regarding the concerns for the first draft section, we have come up with some suggested changes.

We have no issue with dividing existing s.425.109 (1)(d) into two provisions as suggested, but rather than the <u>second</u> <u>section</u> (relating to close-ended accounts) keeping the language of 425.109 as it currently exists, change it to match the new language <u>omitting the language</u>: "...as <u>reflected on a billing statement addressed to the customer</u>...".

The justification for this would be that for close-ended accounts, there are no monthly billing statements that are mailed to the customer.

Also, per the drafter's note, you can go ahead with amending s.425.205(4) to incorporate the amended language in s.425.109(2) relating to an accurate copy of writings evidencing any transactions.

I received LRB 3660/P2 and the drafter's note yesterday and we are currently reviewing them. Due to the overlap in the analyses, it is still our intent to combine 3659 and 3660 into one bill once we have ironed out the details in each.

Regards,

John Cronin Office of Rep. Mark Born 39<sup>th</sup> Assembly District



### State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE





B−3659/**¥**2 ARG:jld:rs

11 /13

### PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

X

1

2

3

4

Regen

AN ACT to amend 425.109 (1) (intro.), 425.109 (1) (b), 425.109 (1) (d), 425.109 (1)

(f), 425.109 (1) (h), 425.109 (2) and 425.109 (3); and to create 425.1025 and

425.109 (4) of the statutes; relating to: pleading requirements under the

Wisconsin Consumer Act.

### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a consumer credit transaction in which the amount financed is \$25,000 or less, and which is entered into for personal, family, or household purposes, is generally subject to the Wisconsin Consumer Act (WCA). A consumer credit transaction means a transaction between a merchant and a customer in which property, services, or money is acquired on credit and the customer's obligation is payable in installments or a finance charge may be imposed. A merchant is defined to include, among others, a creditor or a seller of property on credit and expressly includes such a creditor's or seller's assignee or successor. A customer is a person, other than an organization, who seeks or acquires property, services, money, or credit for personal, family, or household purposes. A creditor is defined as a merchant who regularly engages in consumer credit transactions or in arranging for the extension of consumer credit by, or procuring consumer credit from, third persons. A consumer credit transaction may involve a consumer credit sale, a consumer loan, a consumer lease, or a transaction pursuant to an open—end credit plan (usually involving use of a credit card).

Under current law, the WCA includes requirements for a creditor or merchant to satisfy to enforce rights arising from a consumer credit transaction, including

inse-1

pleading requirements for a complaint filed by a creditor to enforce these rights. Among the information that must be included in such a complaint, the creditor must: identify the consumer credit transaction; describe any collateral sought to be recovered; specify the facts constituting the customer's alleged default; identify the actual or estimated amount of money that the creditor is entitled to recover and the figures necessary for computation of this amount; and include an accurate copy of the writings evidencing the transaction except that, for a claim arising under an open—end credit plan, the creditor may substitute a statement that the creditor will, upon request, provide copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation. A judgment may not be entered on a complaint that fails to comply with these pleading requirements. For a claim arising under an open—end credit plan, on written request by the customer, the creditor must submit accurate copies to the customer and the court of writings evidencing any transaction on which the claim is made and judgment may not be entered for the creditor unless the creditor does so.

This bill modifies the pleading requirements in WCA cases. First, under the bill, these pleading requirements apply to a merchant, rather than a creditor. As defined under current law, a merchant expressly includes an assignee of or successor to a creditor or seller on credit. Second, the bill changes the manner in which a merchant is required to plead the amount owed by the customer. Under the bill, the merchant must identify the actual or estimated amount of money alleged to be due to the merchant on a date certain after the customer's default, as reflected in a billing (statement addressed to the customer,) and include a breakdown of all charges, interest, and payments occurring after this date certain. Third, the bill specifies that, for a claim arising under an open-end credit plan in which the merchant has not attached to the complaint copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation and the customer has requested these copies, the merchant's obligation to provide these copies is satisfied if the merchant provides the customer and court with a copy of the last billing statement addressed to the customer reflecting the total outstanding balance on the customer's account at the time this billing statement was issued. The merchant may also satisfy its obligation by attaching copies of this billing statement to the complaint. Fourth, under the bill, the merchant's failure to comply with these requirements related to pleading and providing copies precludes entry of default judgment, rather than judgment, for the merchant. Fifth, under the bill, a complaint that fails to comply with these pleading requirements is not a violation that gives rise to a penalty, civil liability, or an award of attorney fees under the WCA unless the customer establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that the failure to comply was willful or intentional.

The people of the state of Wisconsin, represented in senate and assembly, do enact as follows:

25

1	425.1025 Definition. In this subchapter, "billing statement" means a
2	statement issued pursuant to 15 USC 1637 (b).
3	SECTION 2. 425.109 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
4	425.109 (1) (intro.) A complaint by a creditor merchant to enforce any cause of
5	action arising from a consumer credit transaction shall include all of the following
6	SECTION 3. 425.109 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
7	425.109 (1) (b) A description of the collateral or leased goods, if any, which the
8	creditor merchant seeks to recover or has recovered.
9	SECTION 4. 425.109 (1) (d) of the statutes is amended to read:
10	425.109 (1) (d) The actual or estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named
11	foreign currency that the creditor alleges he or she is entitled to recover and the
12	figures necessary for computation of the amount, including any amount received
13	from the sale of any collateral alleged to be due to the merchant on a date certain after
14	the customer's default, as reflected on a billing statement addressed to the customer
15	and a breakdown of all charges, interest, and payments, including any amount
16	received from the sale of any collateral, occurring after this date certain. This
17	paragraph does not require a specific itemization, but the breakdown shall identify
18	separately the amount due on a date certain, the total of all charges occurring after
19	this date certain, the total of all interest occurring after this date certain, and the
20	total of all payments occurring after this date certain.
21	SECTION 5. 425.109 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:
22	425.109 (1) (f) Except in an action to recover goods subject to a consumer lease
23	the estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named foreign currency of any deficiency

claim which may be available to the ereditor merchant following the disposition of

any collateral recovered subject to the limitations of s. 425.209 or which the ereditor

1	merchant seeks to recover and which the <del>creditor</del> merchant intends to assert subject
2	to the limitations of s. 425.210 if the customer fails to redeem the collateral.

**SECTION 6.** 425.109 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (1) (h) An Subject to sub. (2) an accurate copy of the writings, if any, evidencing the transaction, except that with respect to claims arising under open-end credit plans, a statement that the ereditor merchant will submit accurate copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation to the court and the customer upon receipt of the customer's written request therefor on or before the return date or the date on which the customer's answer is due.

SECTION 7. 425.109 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (2) Upon the written request of the customer <u>under sub. (1) (h)</u>, the ereditor <u>merchant</u> shall submit accurate copies to the court and the customer of writings evidencing <u>any transaction the customer's obligation</u> pursuant to an open-end credit plan upon which the <u>creditor's merchant's</u> claim is made and <u>default</u> judgment may not be entered for the <u>creditor merchant</u> unless the <u>creditor merchant</u> does so. The writings requirement under this subsection is satisfied if the merchant provides the customer with a copy of the last billing statement addressed to the customer reflecting the total outstanding balance on the customer's account at the time this billing statement was issued. If this billing statement is attached to the complaint, then the statement under sub. (1) (h) is not required to be included in the complaint.

**SECTION 8.** 425.109 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (3) A <u>default</u> judgment may not be entered upon a complaint which fails to comply with this section.

**SECTION 9.** 425.109 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

 $\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ \sqrt{3} \\ \sqrt{5} \end{array}$ 

1

6

7

8

9

425.109 (4) For purposes of subchs. III and IV, a complaint that fails to comply with this section does not constitute a violation of chs. 421 to 427, and shall not give rise to recovery of attorney fees under s. 425.308, unless the customer establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that the failure to comply was willful or intentional.

### SECTION 10. Initial applicability.

(1) This act first applies to complaints filed on the effective date of this subsection.

#### SECTION 11. Effective date.

(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after publication.

11

10

(END)

# LRB-3659/P3ins ARG:...:...

### 2013-2014 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

1

2

#### **INSERT ANAL:**

If the claim arises under an open-end credit plan, the amount alleged to be due on a date certain must be reflected in a billing statement addressed to the customer.

NO 9+

3

4

### **INSERT 3-9:**

5 **SECTION 1.** 425.109 (1) (d) of the statutes is renumbered 425.109 (1) (d) 1. and amended to read:

425.109 (1) (d) 1. The If the consumer credit transaction is pursuant to an open-end credit plan, the  $\mathbb{Q}_+$ 

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

7

8

#### **INSERT 3-20:**

SECTION 2. 425.109 (1) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

425.109 (1) (d) 2. If the consumer credit transaction is other than one pursuant to an open-end credit plan, the actual or estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named foreign currency alleged to be due to the merchant on a date certain after the customer's default, and a breakdown of all charges, interest, and payments, including any amount received from the sale of any collateral, occurring after this date certain. This paragraph does not require a specific itemization, but the breakdown shall identify separately the amount due on a date certain, the total of all charges occurring after this date certain, the total of all interest occurring after this date certain, and the total of all payments occurring after this date certain.

(end ins)

### INSERT 5-4:

SECTION 3. 425.205 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.205 (4) Upon the written request of the customer under s. 425.109 (2), the merchant shall produce an accurate copy of writings evidencing any transactions the customer's obligation pursuant to an open-end credit plan upon which the merchant's claim is made, and default judgment shall not be entered for the merchant until unless the merchant does so. The writings requirement under this subsection is satisfied if the merchant provides the customer with a copy of the last billing statement addressed to the customer reflecting the total outstanding balance on the customer's account at the time this billing statement was issued. If this billing statement is attached to the complaint, then the statement under s. 425.109 (1) (h) is not required to be included in the complaint.

**History:** 1971 c. 239; Sup. Ct. Order, 67 Wis. 2d 585, 776 (1975); 1975 c. 407, 421; 1977 c. 449 s. 497; 1979 c. 32 s. 92 (16); 1981 c. 317; 1981 c. 391 s. 210; 1983 a. 389; 1989 a. 31; 1993 a. 246; 1997 a. 250; 2005 a. 255.

(end ins)



2

3

4

5

# State of Misconsin 2013 - 2014 LEGISLATURE



### PRELIMINARY DRAFT - NOT READY FOR INTRODUCTION

AN ACT to renumber and amend 425.109 (1) (d); to amend 425.109 (1) (intro.), 425.109 (1) (b), 425.109 (1) (f), 425.109 (1) (h), 425.109 (2), 425.109 (3) and 425.205 (4); and to create 425.1025, 425.109 (1) (d) 2. and 425.109 (4) of the statutes; relating to: pleading requirements under the Wisconsin Consumer Act.

#### Analysis by the Legislative Reference Bureau

Under current law, a consumer credit transaction in which the amount financed is \$25,000 or less, and which is entered into for personal, family, or household purposes, is generally subject to the Wisconsin Consumer Act (WCA). A consumer credit transaction means a transaction between a merchant and a customer in which property, services, or money is acquired on credit and the customer's obligation is payable in installments or a finance charge may be imposed. A merchant is defined to include, among others, a creditor or a seller of property on credit and expressly includes such a creditor's or seller's assignee or successor. A customer is a person, other than an organization, who seeks or acquires property, services, money, or credit for personal, family, or household purposes. A creditor is defined as a merchant who regularly engages in consumer credit transactions or in arranging for the extension of consumer credit by, or procuring consumer credit from, third persons. A consumer credit transaction may involve a consumer credit sale, a consumer loan, a consumer lease, or a transaction pursuant to an open—end credit plan (usually involving use of a credit card).

Under current law, the WCA includes requirements for a creditor or merchant to satisfy to enforce rights arising from a consumer credit transaction, including pleading requirements for a complaint filed by a creditor to enforce these rights. Among the information that must be included in such a complaint, the creditor must: identify the consumer credit transaction; describe any collateral sought to be recovered; specify the facts constituting the customer's alleged default; identify the actual or estimated amount of money that the creditor is entitled to recover and the figures necessary for computation of this amount; and include an accurate copy of the writings evidencing the transaction except that, for a claim arising under an open-end credit plan, the creditor may substitute a statement that the creditor will, upon request, provide copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation. A judgment may not be entered on a complaint that fails to comply with these pleading requirements. For a claim arising under an open-end credit plan, on written request by the customer, the creditor must submit accurate copies to the customer and the court of writings evidencing any transaction on which the claim is made and judgment may not be entered for the creditor unless the creditor does so.

This bill modifies the pleading requirements in WCA cases. First, under the bill, these pleading requirements apply to a merchant, rather than a creditor. As defined under current law, a merchant expressly includes an assignee of or successor to a creditor or seller on credit. Second, the bill changes the manner in which a merchant is required to plead the amount owed by the customer. Under the bill, the merchant must identify the actual or estimated amount of money alleged to be due to the merchant on a date certain after the customer's default, and include a breakdown of all charges, interest, and payments occurring after this date certain. If the claim arises under an open-end credit plan, the amount alleged to be due on a date certain must be reflected in a billing statement addressed to the customer. Third, the bill specifies that, for a claim arising under an open-end credit plan in which the merchant has not attached to the complaint copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation and the customer has requested these copies, the merchant's obligation to provide these copies is satisfied if the merchant provides the customer and court with a copy of the last billing statement addressed to the customer reflecting the total outstanding balance on the customer's account at the time this billing statement was issued. The merchant may also satisfy its obligation by attaching copies of this billing statement to the complaint. Fourth, under the bill, the merchant's failure to comply with these requirements related to pleading and providing copies precludes entry of default judgment, rather than judgment, for the merchant. Fifth, under the bill, a complaint that fails to comply with these pleading requirements is not a violation that gives rise to a penalty, civil liability, or an award of attorney fees under the WCA unless the customer establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that the failure to comply was willful or intentional.

1	SECTION 1. 425.1025 of the statutes is created to read:
2	425.1025 Definition. In this subchapter, "billing statement" means a
3	statement issued pursuant to 15 USC 1637 (b).
4	SECTION 2. 425.109 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is amended to read:
5	425.109 (1) (intro.) A complaint by a creditor merchant to enforce any cause of
6,	action arising from a consumer credit transaction shall include all of the following:
7	SECTION 3. 425.109 (1) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
8	425.109 (1) (b) A description of the collateral or leased goods, if any, which the
9	ereditor merchant seeks to recover or has recovered.
10	SECTION 4. 425.109 (1) (d) of the statutes is renumbered 425.109 (1) (d) 1. and
11	amended to read:
12	425.109 (1) (d) 1. The If the consumer credit transaction is pursuant to an
13	open-end credit plan, the actual or estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named
14	foreign currency that the creditor alleges he or she is entitled to recover and the
15	figures necessary for computation of the amount, including any amount received
16	from the sale of any collateral alleged to be due to the merchant on a date certain after
17	the customer's default, as reflected on a billing statement addressed to the customer,
18	and a breakdown of all charges, interest, and payments, including any amount
19	received from the sale of any collateral, occurring after this date certain. This
20	paragraph does not require a specific itemization, but the breakdown shall identify
21	separately the amount due on a date certain, the total of all charges occurring after
22	this date certain, the total of all interest occurring after this date certain, and the
23	total of all payments occurring after this date certain.
24	SECTION 5. 425.109 (1) (d) 2. of the statutes is created to read:

425.109 (1) (d) 2. If the consumer credit transaction is other than one pursuant to an open-end credit plan, the actual or estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named foreign currency alleged to be due to the merchant on a date certain after the customer's default, and a breakdown of all charges, interest, and payments, including any amount received from the sale of any collateral, occurring after this date certain. This paragraph does not require a specific itemization, but the breakdown shall identify separately the amount due on a date certain, the total of all charges occurring after this date certain, the total of all interest occurring after this date certain, and the total of all payments occurring after this date certain.

**SECTION 6.** 425.109 (1) (f) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (1) (f) Except in an action to recover goods subject to a consumer lease, the estimated amount of U.S. dollars or of a named foreign currency of any deficiency claim which may be available to the ereditor merchant following the disposition of any collateral recovered subject to the limitations of s. 425.209 or which the ereditor merchant seeks to recover and which the ereditor merchant intends to assert subject to the limitations of s. 425.210 if the customer fails to redeem the collateral.

**SECTION 7.** 425.109 (1) (h) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (1) (h) An Subject to sub. (2) and s. 425.205 (4), an accurate copy of the writings, if any, evidencing the transaction, except that with respect to claims arising under open-end credit plans, a statement that the ereditor merchant will submit accurate copies of the writings evidencing the customer's obligation to the court and the customer upon receipt of the customer's written request therefor on or before the return date or the date on which the customer's answer is due.

**SECTION 8.** 425.109 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (2) Upon the written request of the customer under sub. (1) (h), the
creditor merchant shall submit accurate copies to the court and the customer of
writings evidencing any transaction the customer's obligation pursuant to an
open-end credit plan upon which the ereditor's merchant's claim is made and default
judgment may not be entered for the <del>creditor</del> <u>merchant</u> unless the <del>creditor</del> <u>merchant</u>
does so. The writings requirement under this subsection is satisfied if the merchant
provides the customer with a copy of the last billing statement addressed to the
customer reflecting the total outstanding balance on the customer's account at the
time this billing statement was issued. If this billing statement is attached to the
complaint, then the statement under sub. (1) (h) is not required to be included in the
complaint.

**Section 9.** 425.109 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.109 (3) A <u>default</u> judgment may not be entered upon a complaint which fails to comply with this section.

**SECTION 10.** 425.109 (4) of the statutes is created to read:

425.109 (4) For purposes of subchs. III and IV, a complaint that fails to comply with this section does not constitute a violation of chs. 421 to 427, and shall not give rise to recovery of attorney fees under s. 425.308, unless the customer establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that the failure to comply was willful or intentional.

**SECTION 11.** 425.205 (4) of the statutes is amended to read:

425.205 (4) Upon the written request of the customer <u>under s. 425.109 (2)</u>, the merchant shall produce an accurate copy of writings evidencing <del>any transactions the customer's obligation</del> pursuant to an open-end credit plan upon which the merchant's claim is made, and <u>default</u> judgment shall not be entered for the merchant <u>until unless</u> the merchant does so. <u>The writings requirement under this</u>

subsection is satisfied if the merchant provides the customer with a copy of the last		
billing statement addressed to the customer reflecting the total outstanding balance		
on the customer's account at the time this billing statement was issued. If this billing		
statement is attached to the complaint, then the statement under s. 425.109 (1) (h)		
is not required to be included in the complaint.		
SECTION 12. Initial applicability.		
(1) This act first applies to complaints filed on the effective date of this		
subsection.		
SECTION 13. Effective date.		
(1) This act takes effect on the first day of the 4th month beginning after		
publication.		
(END)		